## FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# HOUSE BILL NOS. 359 & 634

### **101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

0694H.03C

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, ChiefClerk

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 571.101 and 571.107, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to concealed carry permits.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 571.101 and 571.107, RSMo, are repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 571.101 and 571.107, to read as follows:

571.101. 1. All applicants for concealed carry permits issued pursuant to subsection 7 2 of this section must satisfy the requirements of sections 571.101 to 571.121. If the said applicant can show qualification as provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121, the county or city sheriff 3 shall issue a concealed carry permit authorizing the carrying of a concealed firearm on or about 4 the applicant's person or within a vehicle. A concealed carry permit shall be valid from the date 5 6 of issuance or renewal until five years from the last day of the month in which the permit was 7 issued or renewed. The concealed carry permit is valid throughout this state. Although the 8 permit is considered valid in the state, a person who fails to renew his or her permit within five 9 years from the date of issuance or renewal shall not be eligible for an exception to a National Instant Criminal Background Check under federal regulations currently codified under 27 CFR 10 11 478.102(d), relating to the transfer, sale, or delivery of firearms from licensed dealers. A 12 concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, shall continue from the date of 13 issuance or renewal until three years from the last day of the month in which the endorsement 14 was issued or renewed to authorize the carrying of a concealed firearm on or about the applicant's 15 person or within a vehicle in the same manner as a concealed carry permit issued under subsection 7 of this section on or after August 28, 2013. 16

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to subsection 7 of this section shall be issued
by the sheriff or his or her designee of the county or city in which the applicant resides, if the applicant:

- 19 (1) Is at least [nineteen] eighteen years of age, is a citizen or permanent resident of the20 United States and either:
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(a) Has assumed residency in this state; or

(b) Is a member of the United States Armed Forces stationed in Missouri<sup>[7]</sup> or the
 spouse of such member of the military;

(2) [Is at least nineteen years of age, or is at least eighteen years of age and a member of
 the United States Armed Forces or honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces,
 and is a citizen of the United States and either:

27 (a) Has assumed residency in this state;

28 (b) Is a member of the Armed Forces stationed in Missouri; or

29 (c) The spouse of such member of the military stationed in Missouri and nineteen years
 30 of age;

31 (3)] Has not pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere or been convicted of a 32 crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or 33 of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state 34 and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive 35 weapon, firearm, firearm silencer or gas gun;

[(4)] (3) Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to or entered a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a concealed carry permit or if the applicant has not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance within a fiveyear period immediately preceding application for a concealed carry permit;

42 [(5)] (4) Is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged in an information or 43 indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one 44 year under the laws of any state of the United States other than a crime classified as a 45 misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years 46 or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

47 [(6)] (5) Has not been discharged under dishonorable conditions from the United States
48 Armed Forces;

49 [(7)] (6) Has not engaged in a pattern of behavior, documented in public or closed 50 records, that causes the sheriff to have a reasonable belief that the applicant presents a danger 51 to himself or others; 52 [(8)] (7) Is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time of application or for five years 53 prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health facility, as defined in section 54 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state following a hearing at which the 55 defendant was represented by counsel or a representative;

56 [(9)] (8) Submits a completed application for a permit as described in subsection 3 of this 57 section;

58 [(10)] (9) Submits an affidavit attesting that the applicant complies with the concealed 59 carry safety training requirement pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of section 571.111;

60 [(11)] (10) Is not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect; 61 and

62 [(12)] (11) Is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a firearm under section 571.070
 63 or 18 U.S.C. Section 922(g).

64 3. The application for a concealed carry permit issued by the sheriff of the county of the 65 applicant's residence shall contain only the following information:

66 (1) The applicant's name, address, telephone number, gender, date and place of birth, 67 and, if the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant's country of citizenship and any 68 alien or admission number issued by the Federal Bureau of Customs and Immigration 69 Enforcement or any successor agency;

(2) An affirmation that the applicant has assumed residency in Missouri or is a member
of the Armed Forces stationed in Missouri or the spouse of such a member of the Armed Forces
and is a citizen or permanent resident of the United States;

(3) An affirmation that the applicant is at least [nineteen] eighteen years of age [or is
 eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces or honorably
 discharged from the United States Armed Forces];

(4) An affirmation that the applicant has not pled guilty to or been convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm silencer, or gas gun;

81 (5) An affirmation that the applicant has not been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered 82 a plea of nolo contendere to one or more misdemeanor offenses involving crimes of violence 83 within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit or if the applicant has 84 not been convicted of two or more misdemeanor offenses involving driving while under the 85 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs or the possession or abuse of a controlled substance 86 within a five-year period immediately preceding application for a permit; 87 (6) An affirmation that the applicant is not a fugitive from justice or currently charged 88 in an information or indictment with the commission of a crime punishable by imprisonment for 89 a term exceeding one year under the laws of any state or of the United States other than a crime 90 classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of any state and punishable by a term of 91 imprisonment of two years or less that does not involve an explosive weapon, firearm, firearm 92 silencer or gas gun;

93 (7) An affirmation that the applicant has not been discharged under dishonorable94 conditions from the United States Armed Forces;

95 (8) An affirmation that the applicant is not adjudged mentally incompetent at the time 96 of application or for five years prior to application, or has not been committed to a mental health 97 facility, as defined in section 632.005, or a similar institution located in another state, except that 98 a person whose release or discharge from a facility in this state pursuant to chapter 632, or a 99 similar discharge from a facility in another state, occurred more than five years ago without 100 subsequent recommitment may apply;

(9) An affirmation that the applicant has received firearms safety training that meets the
standards of applicant firearms safety training defined in subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111;
(10) An affirmation that the applicant, to the applicant's best knowledge and belief, is
not the respondent of a valid full order of protection which is still in effect;

105 (11) A conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant will result in 106 prosecution for perjury pursuant to the laws of the state of Missouri; and

107 (12) A government-issued photo identification. This photograph shall not be included 108 on the permit and shall only be used to verify the person's identity for permit renewal, or for the 109 issuance of a new permit due to change of address, or for a lost or destroyed permit.

4. An application for a concealed carry permit shall be made to the sheriff of the county or any city not within a county in which the applicant resides. An application shall be filed in writing, signed under oath and under the penalties of perjury, and shall state whether the applicant complies with each of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section. In addition to the completed application, the applicant for a concealed carry permit must also submit the following:

(1) A photocopy of a firearms safety training certificate of completion or other evidence
of completion of a firearms safety training course that meets the standards established in
subsection 1 or 2 of section 571.111; and

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(2) A nonrefundable permit fee as provided by subsection 11 or 12 of this section.

5. (1) Before an application for a concealed carry permit is approved, the sheriff shall make only such inquiries as he or she deems necessary into the accuracy of the statements made in the application. The sheriff may require that the applicant display a Missouri driver's license

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123 or nondriver's license or military identification and orders showing the person being stationed 124 in Missouri. In order to determine the applicant's suitability for a concealed carry permit, the 125 applicant shall be fingerprinted. No other biometric data shall be collected from the applicant. 126 The sheriff shall conduct an inquiry of the National Instant Criminal Background Check System 127 within three working days after submission of the properly completed application for a concealed 128 carry permit. If no disqualifying record is identified by these checks at the state level, the 129 fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal 130 history record check. Upon receipt of the completed report from the National Instant Criminal 131 Background Check System and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national 132 criminal history record check, the sheriff shall examine the results and, if no disqualifying 133 information is identified, shall issue a concealed carry permit within three working days.

134 (2) In the event the report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System 135 and the response from the Federal Bureau of Investigation national criminal history record check 136 prescribed by subdivision (1) of this subsection are not completed within forty-five calendar days 137 and no disqualifying information concerning the applicant has otherwise come to the sheriff's 138 attention, the sheriff shall issue a provisional permit, clearly designated on the certificate as such, 139 which the applicant shall sign in the presence of the sheriff or the sheriff's designee. This permit, 140 when carried with a valid Missouri driver's or nondriver's license or a valid military 141 identification, shall permit the applicant to exercise the same rights in accordance with the same 142 conditions as pertain to a concealed carry permit issued under this section, provided that it shall 143 not serve as an alternative to an national instant criminal background check required by 18 144 U.S.C. Section 922(t). The provisional permit shall remain valid until such time as the sheriff 145 either issues or denies the certificate of qualification under subsection 6 or 7 of this section. The 146 sheriff shall revoke a provisional permit issued under this subsection within twenty-four hours 147 of receipt of any report that identifies a disqualifying record, and shall notify the concealed carry 148 permit system established under subsection 5 of section 650.350. The revocation of a 149 provisional permit issued under this section shall be proscribed in a manner consistent to the 150 denial and review of an application under subsection 6 of this section.

151 6. The sheriff may refuse to approve an application for a concealed carry permit if he or 152 she determines that any of the requirements specified in subsection 2 of this section have not 153 been met, or if he or she has a substantial and demonstrable reason to believe that the applicant 154 has rendered a false statement regarding any of the provisions of sections 571.101 to 571.121. 155 If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the sheriff is required to deny the application, and notify 156 the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial and informing the applicant of the right 157 to submit, within thirty days, any additional documentation relating to the grounds of the denial. 158 Upon receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider his or her decision and

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159 inform the applicant within thirty days of the result of the reconsideration. The applicant shall 160 further be informed in writing of the right to appeal the denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, 161 and 5 of section 571.114. After two additional reviews and denials by the sheriff, the person 162 submitting the application shall appeal the denial pursuant to subsections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of section 163 571.114.

164 7. If the application is approved, the sheriff shall issue a concealed carry permit to the 165 applicant within a period not to exceed three working days after his or her approval of the 166 application. The applicant shall sign the concealed carry permit in the presence of the sheriff or 167 his or her designee.

168 8. The concealed carry permit shall specify only the following information:

169 (1) Name, address, date of birth, gender, height, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, and170 signature of the permit holder;

171 (2) The signature of the sheriff issuing the permit;

- 172 (3) The date of issuance; and
- 173 (4) The expiration date.
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The permit shall be no larger than two and one-eighth inches wide by three and three-eighths inches long and shall be of a uniform style prescribed by the department of public safety. The permit shall also be assigned a concealed carry permit system county code and shall be stored in sequential number.

9. (1) The sheriff shall keep a record of all applications for a concealed carry permit or a provisional permit and his or her action thereon. Any record of an application that is incomplete or denied for any reason shall be kept for a period not to exceed one year. Any record of an application that was approved shall be kept for a period of one year after the expiration and nonrenewal of the permit.

184 (2) The sheriff shall report the issuance of a concealed carry permit or provisional permit 185 to the concealed carry permit system. All information on any such permit that is protected 186 information on any driver's or nondriver's license shall have the same personal protection for 187 purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121. An applicant's status as a holder of a concealed carry 188 permit, provisional permit, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, 189 shall not be public information and shall be considered personal protected information. 190 Information retained in the concealed carry permit system under this subsection shall not be 191 distributed to any federal, state, or private entities and shall only be made available for a single 192 entry query of an individual in the event the individual is a subject of interest in an active 193 criminal investigation or is arrested for a crime. A sheriff may access the concealed carry permit system for administrative purposes to issue a permit, verify the accuracy of permit holder 194

195 information, change the name or address of a permit holder, suspend or revoke a permit, cancel 196 an expired permit, or cancel a permit upon receipt of a certified death certificate for the permit 197 holder. Any person who violates the provisions of this subdivision by disclosing protected 198 information shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

199 10. Information regarding any holder of a concealed carry permit, or a concealed carry 200 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, is a closed record. No bulk download or batch 201 data shall be distributed to any federal, state, or private entity, except to MoSMART or a 202 designee thereof. Any state agency that has retained any documents or records, including 203 fingerprint records provided by an applicant for a concealed carry endorsement prior to August 204 28, 2013, shall destroy such documents or records, upon successful issuance of a permit.

205 11. For processing an application for a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 206 571.101 to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed one 207 hundred dollars which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's 208 revolving fund. This fee shall include the cost to reimburse the Missouri state highway patrol 209 for the costs of fingerprinting and criminal background checks. An additional fee shall be added 210 to each credit card, debit card, or other electronic transaction equal to the charge paid by the state 211 or the applicant for the use of the credit card, debit card, or other electronic payment method by 212 the applicant.

12. For processing a renewal for a concealed carry permit pursuant to sections 571.101
to 571.121, the sheriff in each county shall charge a nonrefundable fee not to exceed fifty dollars
which shall be paid to the treasury of the county to the credit of the sheriff's revolving fund.

13. For the purposes of sections 571.101 to 571.121, the term "sheriff" shall include the sheriff of any county or city not within a county or his or her designee and in counties of the first classification the sheriff may designate the chief of police of any city, town, or municipality within such county.

14. For the purposes of this chapter, "concealed carry permit" shall include any concealed carry endorsement issued by the department of revenue before January 1, 2014, and any concealed carry document issued by any sheriff or under the authority of any sheriff after December 31, 2013.

571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior 7 to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or 8 political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

9 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the 10 chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a 11 vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the 12 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

13 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a 14 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long 15 as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

16 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or 17 jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or 18 correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 19 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

20 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any 21 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such 22 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be 23 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of 24 the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the 25 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be 26 specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this 27 subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 28 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law 29 30 enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to 31 subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas 32 described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the 33 areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 34 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

35 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of 36 the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this 37 subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or 38 endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a 39 member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so 40 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 41 premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a 42 full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution 43 of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, 44 or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or 45 endorsement, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting 46 whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held 47 in the state capitol building;

48 The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule, (6) 49 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by 50 permit or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that 51 unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is 52 prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted 53 area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private 54 persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled 55 by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The 56 statute, rule or ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, 57 58 ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to 59 disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The 60 provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other unit of government;

61 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the 62 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner 63 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said or manager. 64 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant establishment. 65 open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. 66 67 This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the 68 establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the 69 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision 70 authorizes any individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to 71 possess any firearm while intoxicated;

(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

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(9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

(10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility withoutthe consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the

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district school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

86 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the 87 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a 88 family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

89 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of 90 the owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of 91 a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal 92 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle 93 is on the premises;

94 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 95 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not 96 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

97 (14) [Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister 98 or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place 99 of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal 100 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle 101 is on the premises;

102 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to 103 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a 104 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less 105 than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business 106 enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed 107 carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit 108 employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement 109 from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises 110 are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the 111 premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on 112 the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the 113 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees

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or other persons holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealedfirearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

116 [(16)] (15) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more. 117 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the 118 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

119 [(17)] (16) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle 120 on the premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed 121 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

122 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of 123 subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued pursuant 124 to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 125 2013, shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal 126 from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is summoned, 127 such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first 128 offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person 129 shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if 130 applicable, endorsement to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. 131 If a third citation for a similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person 132 shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed 133 carry permit, and, if applicable, endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for 134 a concealed carry permit for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from 135 a citation issued pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which 136 issued the concealed carry permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry endorsement 137 issued prior to August 28, 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the 138 certificate of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. 139 The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the certificate 140 of qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the 141 department of revenue shall issue a notice of such suspension or revocation of the concealed 142 carry endorsement and take action to remove the concealed carry endorsement from the 143 individual's driving record. The director of revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must 144 apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not contain such endorsement. The 145 notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to the last known address shown on 146 the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received three days after mailing.